

Chalcogen Bonding and Perplexing Coordination Behaviour of Bipyridine Donors in the Coordination Chemistry of Zinc-Triad 1,1-Dithiolate Compounds

Edward R.T. Tiekink

Research Centre for Crystalline Materials Faculty of Science and Technology

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON APPLIED SCIENCES MATHEMATICS AND INFORMATICS (ICASMI)

Crystal Engineering

Synthetic chemists: make molecules (covalent bonding)

Crystal Engineering

Synthetic chemists: make molecules (covalent bonding)

 $\ensuremath{\textit{CE's:}}$ design crystals (parts of crystals) by controlling intermolecular interactions

Crystal Engineering

Synthetic chemists: make molecules (covalent bonding)

CE's: design crystals (parts of crystals) by controlling intermolecular interactions, e.g. hydrogen-bonding, halogen-bonding, secondary bonding, π - π , C-H...O, C-H... π , "emerging" interactions, etc.

Why molecules pack as they do

1,1-dithiolates

Secondary bonding

Extended architectures mediated by bipyridyl bridges

Perplexing results







Se-O in Ebselen® polar gap, σ-hole; ~8 kcal/mol



- increasing size of R

Conclusion #1

Systematic analyses enables new design elements for crystal engineering

Coordination polymers (MOF's) of zinctriad elements

Solid-state polymers cf. solution

 $A(S_2COR)_2$ + bridging ligands

Applications: gas storage/sensing; catalysis; luminescence; energy storage; crystal sponge...

"ICASMI 2017: The Role and Innovation of Sciences in the Strengthening of Natural Resources"





































Conclusions #3

Perplexing!

unexpected reaction products

stoichiometry "doesn't matter"

hydrogen-bonding is competitive with coordinate-bonding

more experiments are needed!



